





MEMBERSHIP PRODUCTS MAGAZINE HEALTH CONCERNS NEWS ABOUT US

**LOGIN** 

PROFILE FAVORITES ORDER HISTORY VIEW CART CHECKOUT

## **LEF Daily News**

X Email This 💂

## First-Born Daughters More Likely to Live to 100, Suggests Society of Actuaries Research

PR Newswire

11-04-05

SCHAUMBURG, III., Nov 03, 2005 /PRNewswire via COMTEX/ -- Predictors for exceptional human longevity may includ order, place of birth and early-life living conditions, according to a recent Society of Actuaries (SOA) study that suggests several factors linked to one's longevity. The data indicates that first-born daughters are three times more likely to surviving 100 compared to later-born daughters. The chances for exceptional longevity are minimal for sons having a birth order of six compared to those born earlier or later.

The research, developed by the SOA in partnership with researchers at the Center on Aging and the National Opinion Rocenter at the University of Chicago, evaluated detailed family data for nearly 1,000 centenarians born in the U.S. betwee 1899. Drs. Natalia Gavrilova and Leonid Gavrilov collected data from publicly available computerized genealogies of 75 individuals identified in previous studies and validated ages and birth dates by linking records to the Social Security Adm Death Master File and reviewing U.S. censuses for years 1900, 1910 and 1920.

"The study supports the idea that early childhood conditions might be important for survival to advanced ages," said Dr. I Gavrilova. "Limited access to parental care, including attention and supervision, may result in less attention being paid to health and safety of later-born children, resulting in a higher risk of infections and malnutrition during early childhood."

The data further suggests that children born to parents who are farmers and childhood residence in the Western region command be indicators for subsequent survival to age 100. The study determined that children of farming parents who lived in Mountain Pacific and West Pacific regions of the U.S. have a greater chance of surviving to age 100 than those from the and Northeast areas of the country.

"Without the type of food processing that's currently available, living on a farm 100 years ago meant fresher food with monutrient value," said Thomas Edwalds, Fellow of the SOA and chairman of the project oversight committee. "This very we correlate to prenatal and perinatal nutrition as factors of exceptional longevity."

People living to age 100 and beyond represent one of the fastest-growing age groups of the American population, increa rate of about 4.1 percent each year.

"Actuaries are skilled at measuring risks, and this research helps us better understand the predictors of longevity and qu implications on society and business," continued Edwalds. "This research also illustrates that studies on human longevity modernized and advanced further by using new computerized data resources such as genealogies."

To read the study, visit the SOA website at http://www.soa.org .

The Society of Actuaries is an educational, research and professional organization dedicated to serving the public and its members. The SOA's vision is for actuaries -- business professionals who analyze the financial consequence of risk -- to recognized as the leading professional in the modeling and management of financial risk and contingent events. The SO mission is to advance actuarial knowledge and to enhance the ability of actuaries to provide expert advice and relevant s for financial, business and societal problems involving uncertain future events. To learn more, visit http://www.soa.org.

**SOURCE Society of Actuaries** 

CONTACT: Kim McKeown, PR Project Manager, of Society of Actuaries, +1-847-706-3528

URL: http://www.prnewswire.com

http://www.soa.org www.prnewswire.com

\*These statements have not been evaluated by the FDA. These products are not intended to diagnose, treat, cure, or prevent any

Home | Membership | Products | Magazine | Health Concerns | News About Us | Legal Notices | Privacy Policy | Site Map

All Contents Copyright © 1995-2005 Life Extension Foundation All rights reserved.

The information provided on this site is for informational purposes only and is not intended as a substitute for advice from your physician or other professional or any information contained on or in any product label or packaging. You should not use the information on this site for diagnosis or any health problem or for prescription of any medication or other treatment. You should consult with a healthcare professional before starting any or supplementation program, before taking any medication, or if you have or suspect you might have a health problem. You should not stop takin medication without first consulting your physician.